British Informatics Olympiad Final

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Warm-up

The factorial of a positive integer n, denoted n!, is the product of all positive integers $\leq n$. In other words

$$n! = n \times n - 1 \times \ldots \times 2 \times 1$$

Factorials grow very quickly; for example 100! has over 150 digits.

Write a program that inputs a single integer m ($1 \le m \le 1000000$) and outputs two integers, the rightmost non-zero digit of m! followed by the number of zeros after that digit.

Sample Input

10

Sample Output

8 2